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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INV	ENTOR	1	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/451,665	11/30/99	YAMAZAKI		S	07977/017002
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FISH & RICH 4350 LA JOL	IARDSUN, PC LA VILLAGE	DRIVE	[	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 500 SAN DIEGO CA 92122			2813	10	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
4		09/451,665	YAMAZAKI ET AL.				
•	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Laura M Schillinger	2813				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	op ars on the cover she twith the c	corr spond nce addr ss				
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM							
THE M/ - Extension - If the period of the pe	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPALLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ons of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuly received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed  /s will be considered timely.  I the mailing date of this communication.  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21	August 2001 .					
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-final.					
3)□							
Dispositio	n of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,5,7-13,15,16,18-23,25,26,28-34,36,37 and 39-82</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) 12-21,33-42,48-51 and 56-60 is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,5,7-11,22,23,25,26,28-32,43-47,52-55 and 61-82</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) 🗌 (	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.					
Applicatio	n Papers						
•	he specification is objected to by the Examir						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)[∑	〗All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority docume						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. <u>08/620,462</u>						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language packnowledgment is made of a claim for dome	provisional application has been re	eceived.				
Attachment							
1) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	5) Notice of Informa	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) I Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the Zhang reference are persuasive and claim rejections based on the '974 reference are hereby withdrawn.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

Claims 1-2, 4-5, 7-11, 22-23, 25-26, 28-32, 43-47, 52-55, 61-82 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Zhang et al ('000).

In reference to claims 1, 9, and 10 Zhang teaches a method comprising:

forming a crystalline semiconductor film on an insulating surface (Fig.1C (12 and 13));

forming an insulating film on the semiconductor film (Fig.2A (201) and Col.10, lines: 30-40);

introducing a dopant (Col.10, lines: 50-68);

annealing the film (Col.11, lines: 1-15);

wherein the peak of a dopant profile is located in the insulating film ( Zhang teaches that the silicon oxide layer is formed over the crystalline substrate prior to and during ion implantation Col.10, lines: 50-68. Since applicant's specification teaches that doing so produces peak concentration within the SiO(x) layer, it is inferred that Zhang's same steps create the same results.)

In reference to claim 2, Zhang teaches wherein the insulating film is SiO (Col.10, lines: 30-40).

In reference to claim 4, Zhang teaches wherein the dopant is B (Col. 10, lines: 51-68).

In reference to claim 5 Zhang teaches wherein the semiconductor film is polycrystalline Si (Col.1, lines: 30-38).

In reference to claim 7, Zhang teaches wherein B is supplied by diborane gas (Col.10, lines: 55-65).

In reference to claim 8, Zhang teaches wherein the insulating film is removed (Col.11, lines: 27-35- etching for contact holes).

In reference to claim 11, Zhang teaches further comprising laser irradiation (Col.11, lines: 1-15).

forming a crystalline semiconductor film on an insulating surface (Fig.1C (12 and 13)); forming an insulating film on the semiconductor film (Fig.2A (201) and Col.10, lines: 30-40); introducing a dopant ( Col.10, lines: 50-68);

In reference to claims 22, 30, and 31 Zhang teaches a method comprising:

annealing the film (Col.11, lines: 1-15);

wherein the peak of a dopant profile is located above the insulating film ( Zhang teaches that the silicon oxide layer is formed over the crystalline substrate prior to and during ion implantation

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Col.10, lines: 50-68 and further that a photoresist region is also formed to prevent the P region or N region from being doped with the opposite impurity. Since applicant's specification teaches that forming a photoresist over the oxide film produces peak concentration over the SiO(x) layer, it is inferred that Zhang's identical steps create the same results.)

In reference to claim 23, Zhang teaches wherein the insulating film is SiO (Col.10, lines: 30-40)...

In reference to claim 25, Zhang teaches wherein the dopant is B(Col.11, lines: 1-15).

In reference to claim 26 Zhang teaches wherein the semiconductor film is polycrystalline Si (Col.1, lines: 30-38).

In reference to claim 28, Zhang teaches wherein B is supplied by diborane gas (Col.10, lines: 51-68).

In reference to claim 29, Zhang teaches wherein the insulating film is removed (Col.11, lines: 27-35- etching for contact holes).

In reference to claim 32, Zhang teaches further comprising laser irradiation (Col.11, lines: 1-15).

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In reference to claim 43, 44 and 45 Zhang teaches a method comprising:

forming a crystalline semiconductor film to become a channel on an insulating surface (Fig.1C (12 and 13));

forming an insulating film on the semiconductor film (Fig.2A (201) and Col.10, lines: 30-40); introducing a dopant (Col.10, lines: 50-68);

annealing the film (Col.11, lines: 1-15);

wherein the peak of a dopant profile is located in the insulating film ( Zhang teaches that the silicon oxide layer is formed over the crystalline substrate prior to and during ion implantation Col.10, lines: 50-68. Since applicant's specification teaches that doing so produces peak concentration within the SiO(x) layer, it is inferred that Zhang's same steps create the same results.)

In reference to claim 46, Zhang teaches wherein the concentration ranges from 5 x 10(15) to 5 x 10(17) atoms/cm(3) (Col.11, lines: 1-15).

In reference to claim 47, Zhang teaches further comprising laser irradiation (Col.11, lines: 1-15).

In reference to claim 52, 53, and 54 Zhang teaches a method comprising:

forming a crystalline semiconductor film to become a channel on an insulating surface(Fig.1C (12 and 13));

forming an insulating film on the semiconductor film (Fig.2A (201) and Col.10, lines: 30-40); introducing a dopant (Col.10, lines: 50-68);

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annealing the film (Col.11, lines: 1-15);

wherein the peak of a dopant profile is located above the insulating film (Zhang teaches that the silicon oxide layer is formed over the crystalline substrate prior to and during ion implantation Col.10, lines: 50-68 and further that a photoresist region is also formed to prevent the P region or N region from being doped with the opposite impurity. Since applicant's specification teaches that forming a photoresist over the oxide film produces peak concentration over the SiO(x) layer, it is inferred that Zhang's identical steps create the same results.)

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In reference to claim 55, Zhang teaches wherein the concentration ranges from 5 x10(15) to 5 x 10(17) atoms/cm(3) (Col.11, lines: 1-15).

In reference to claim 56, Zhang teaches further comprising laser irradiation (Col.11, lines: 1-15).

In reference to claim 61, Zhang teaches wherein annealing is heating (Col.11, lines: 33-35).

In reference to claim 62, Zhang teaches wherein annealing is heating (Col.11, lines: 33-35).

In reference to claim 63, Zhang teaches wherein annealing is heating (Col.11, lines: 33-35).

In reference to claim 64, Zhang teaches wherein annealing is heating (Col.11, lines: 33-35).

In reference to claim 65, 71, 72 Zhang teaches a method comprising:

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forming a crystalline semiconductor film to become a channel on an insulating surface (Fig.1C (12 and 13));

forming an insulating film on the semiconductor film (Fig.2A (201) and Col.10, lines: 30-40); introducing a dopant through ion doping (Col.10, lines: 50-68);

removing the insulating film (Col.11, lines: 29-32- etching contact holes);

annealing the film Col.11, lines: 33-35);

wherein the peak of a dopant profile is located in the insulating film (Zhang teaches that the silicon oxide layer is formed over the crystalline substrate prior to and during ion implantation Col.10, lines: 50-68. Since applicant's specification teaches that doing so produces peak concentration within the SiO(x) layer, it is inferred that Zhang's same steps create the same results.)

In reference to claim 66, Zhang teaches wherein the insulating film is SiO (Col.10, lines: 30-40).

In reference to claim 67, Zhang teaches wherein the dopant is B(Col.10, lines: 51-68).

In reference to claim 68 Zhang teaches wherein the semiconductor film is polycrystalline Si (Col.1, lines: 30-38).

In reference to claim 69, Zhang teaches wherein B is supplied by diborane gas (Col.10, lines: 51-68).

In reference to claim 72, Zhang teaches further comprising laser irradiation (Col.11, lines: 1-15).

In reference to claim 73, Zhang teaches wherein annealing is heating (Col.11, lines: 33-35).

In reference to claim 74, 79, and 80 Zhang teaches a method comprising:

forming a crystalline semiconductor film to become a channel on an insulating surface (Fig.1C (12 and 13));

forming an insulating film on the semiconductor film (Fig.2A (201) and Col.10, lines: 30-40); introducing a dopant through ion doping (Col.10, lines: 50-68);

removing the insulating film (Col.11, lines: 29-32- etching contact holes);

annealing the film Col.11, lines: 33-35);

wherein the peak of a dopant profile is located above the insulating film (Zhang teaches that the silicon oxide layer is formed over the crystalline substrate prior to and during ion implantation Col.10, lines: 50-68 and further that a photoresist region is also formed to prevent the P region or N region from being doped with the opposite impurity. Since applicant's specification teaches that forming a photoresist over the oxide film produces peak concentration over the SiO(x) layer, it is inferred that Zhang's identical steps create the same results.)

In reference to claim 75, Zhang teaches wherein the insulating film is SiO (Col.10, lines: 30-40).

In reference to claim 76, Zhang teaches wherein the dopant is B (Col.10, lines: 51-68).

In reference to claim 77 Zhang teaches wherein the semiconductor film is polycrystalline Si (Col.1, lines: 30-38).

In reference to claim 78, Zhang teaches wherein B is supplied by diborane gas (Col.10, lines: 51-68).

In reference to claim 81, Zhang teaches further comprising laser irradiation (Col.11, lines: 1-15).

In reference to claim 82, Zhang teaches wherein annealing is heating (Col.11, lines: 33-35).

### Conclusion

1. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Furumura et al ('266, '244, '937) teach a similar method.

Any inquiry concerning this communication from examiner should be directed to Laura Schillinger whose telephone number is (703) 308-6425. The examiner can normally be reached by telephone on Monday to Friday from 6:30 AM to 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Charles Bowers, can be reached on (703) 308-2417. The fax phone number for the group is (703) 308-7722.

**LMS** 

October 24, 2001

Charles Bowers
Supervisory Patent Examiner
Technology Center 2800